

PBO Section 9(1) – Accepting Bribe



- Agent (employee)
- Solicits / accepts an advantage
- An act in relation to the agent's official capacity
- Without principal's (employer's) approval

Maximum Penalties: 7 years' imprisonment, \$500,000 fine

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Offeror



Acceptor

Both are liable

Maximum Penalties: 7 years' imprisonment, \$500,000 fine

Advantages



- Gift, loan, fee, reward or commission
- Employment or contract
- Payment, release or discharge of loan or liability
- Service or favour (except entertainment)

Entertainment



Food or drink provided for consumption on the occasion and any other connected entertainment



Yet beware of sweetening process!

Approval from Principal



- Approval from the employer of the <u>recipient</u>
- Refer to your company code of conduct
- Prior approval should be obtained
- As soon as reasonably possible after such acceptance





No Defence Even if



Section 11 of PBO

The recipient

- did not actually have such power/ right to carry out the act;
- did not in fact do so; or
- > had no intention to do so

No Defence Even if



Section 19 of PBO

The advantage is <u>customary</u> in any profession/ trade/ vocation/ calling

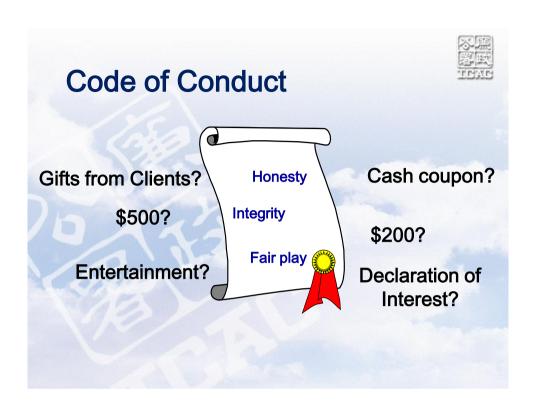
Prevention of Bribery Ordinance S.9(3)



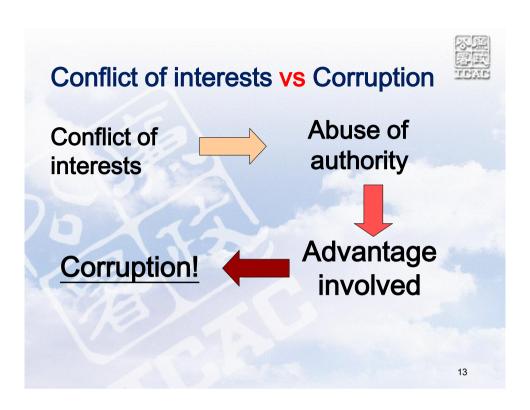
- An agent
- Intends to deceive his principal
- Using false / erroneous / defective accounts / documents / receipts

Maximum Penalties: 7 years' imprisonment, \$500,000 fine

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Prevention of Bribery Ordinance Section 4



- Public servant
- Whether in HK or elsewhere
- Solicits or accept advantage
- An act in his/her official capacity

Maximum Penalties: 7 years' imprisonment, \$500,000 fine

Prevention of Bribery Ordinance Section 8



- Any person who
- without lawful authority or reasonable excuse
- while having dealings of any kind with the Government through any department, office or establishment of the Government/public body
- offers any advantage to any prescribed officer employed in that department, office or establishment of the Government/any public servant employed by that public body
- · shall be guilty of an offence

Maximum Penalties: 7 years' imprisonment, \$500,000 fine

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Managing Staff Integrity

Risk Analysis





- Staff
- Work Nature
- Organization

Points to note



- ❖ Abide by the laws (POBO)
- Comply with the guidelines of the code of conduct
- ❖ Beware of "sweetening"
- Don't place yourself in a position of obligation

Points to note



- Stay alert against illegal acceptance of advantages and excessive entertainment
- Zero tolerance of corruption/malpractices
- Report corruption









Disclaimer

This Powerpoint material aims at providing general guidance on the common corruption risks and preventive measures in the private sector and does not purport to deal with corruption issues that may arise in any given situation. Description and explanations of the legal requirements under the relevant Ordinances and the recommended practices are necessarily general and abbreviated to make this Powerpoint material easy to understand from the layman's angle. Users of this Powerpoint material should refer to the original legislations or seek ICAC's advice as and when necessary. While we endeavour to ensure the accuracy of the information in this Powerpoint, no statement, representation, warranty or guarantee, expressed or implied, is given by us as to the accuracy, completeness or appropriateness of such information for use in any particular circumstances. The ICAC is not responsible for any loss or damage whatsoever arising out of the use of this Powerpoint material or in connection with any information contained in this Powerpoint material. The copyright of this Powerpoint material is owned by the ICAC. The PowerPoint material may be reproduced for non-commercial use provided that the source of the material is identified and the copyright status acknowledged. For any enquiries, please contact ICAC Regional Office (New Territories North West) (www.icac.org.hk).

